PROMOCIÓN ANTICIPADA

ASIGNATURA: INGLÉS

GRADO: DÉCIMO

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1. INDICADORES DE DESEMPEÑO

- 2. > Redacción y completación de textos aplicando las formas correctas de tiempos perfectos.
- > Completación de textos en los que se expresan ideas utilizando la voz pasiva de diferentes formas/ tiempos.
- Clasificación y utilización de vocabulario de acuerdo a la terminación del mismo

2. ACTIVIDADES:

- EL TALLER RESUELTO ES REQUISITO PARA PRESENTAR LA SUSTENTACIÓN.
- > LA SUSTENTACIÓN ES INDIVIDUAL, CON PREGUNTAS A RESPONDER DE FORMA ORAL Y ESCRITA EN INGLÉS.

> SE PERMITE DICCIONARIO; LOS TRADUCTORES NO ESTÁN PERMITIDOS

1. Past Perfect - Positive and Negative

Make the positive or negative past perfect simple

1) When I arrived at the cinema	a, the film (start)
2) She(live)) in China before she went to Thailand
3) After they	(eat) the shellfish, they began to feel
sick	
4) If you	_(listen) to me, you would have got the job
5) Julie didn't arrive until after I	(leave)

2. PASSIVE VOICE Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verb

1. Tom was	many times to stop talking in class. (tell)
2. He was	by the movie. <i>(disappoint)</i>
3. He was	by his brother to go to the beach.
(convince)	

4. The present was	_to her by her co-worker. <i>(give)</i>
5. The thief was	by the police. <i>(catch)</i>
6. This book is being	by all the students. (read)
7. "Jitterbug Perfume" was	by Tom Robbins. (write)
8. A new shopping mall is going to	bein Pasadena.
(build)	
9. Many mistakes were	by the students. <i>(make)</i>
10. The meeting was	in the conference room.
(hold)	

3. READING COMPREHENSION

Leer los textos que aparecen a continuación y sustentar en clase; para ello es necesario tener todos los textos fotocopiados o transcritos.

TEXT A

The modern pizza was originally invented in Naples, Italy but the word pizza is Greek in origin, derived from the Greek word pēktos meaning solid or clotted. The ancient Greeks covered their bread with oils, herbs and cheese. The first major innovation that led to flat bread pizza was the use of tomato as a topping. It was common for the poor of the area around Naples to add tomato to their yeast-based flat bread, and so the pizza began.

While it is difficult to say for sure who invented the pizza, it is however believed that modern pizza was first made by baker Raffaele Esposito of Naples. In fact, a popular urban legend holds that the archetypal pizza, Pizza Margherita, was invented in 1889, when the Royal Palace of Capodimonte commissioned the Neapolitan pizzaiolo Raffaele Esposito to create a pizza in honor of the visiting Queen Margherita. Of the three different pizzas he created, the Queen strongly preferred a pie swathed in the colors of the Italian flag: red (tomato), green (basil), and white (mozzarella). Supposedly, this kind of pizza was then named after the Queen as Pizza Margherita. Later, the dish has become popular in many parts of the world:

☐ The first pizzeria, Antica Pizzeria Port'Alba, was opened in 1830 in Naples.

☐ In North America, The first *pizzeria* was opened in 1905 by Gennaro Lombardi at 53 1/3 Spring Street in New York City.

☐ The first *Pizza Hut*, the chain of pizza restaurants appeared in the United States during the 1930s.

Nowadays, many varieties of pizza exist worldwide, along with several dish variants based upon pizza.

TEXT B

Coffee

Coffee is a popular brewed drink prepared from roasted coffee beans. Coffee plants are cultivated in over 70 countries, primarily in the equatorial regions of the Americas, Southeast Asia, India and Africa. Once ripe, coffee beans are picked, processed, and dried.

Green (unroasted) coffee beans are one of the most traded agricultural commodities in the world. Once traded, the beans are roasted to varying degrees, depending on the desired flavor, before being ground and brewed to create coffee. The two most commonly grown coffee beans are the highly regarded *arabica*, and the less sophisticated but stronger and more hardLy *robusta*.

The drink

Coffee is one of the most popular drinks in the world. It is slightly acidic and can have a stimulating effect on humans because of its caffeine content. It can be prepared and presented in a variety of ways. The effect of coffee on human health has been a subject of many studies; however, results have varied in terms of coffee's relative benefit. The majority of recent research suggests that moderate coffee consumption is benign or mildly beneficial in healthy adults.

History

Coffee cultivation first took place in Southern Arabia. The earliest credible evidence of coffee-drinking appears in the middle of the 15th century in the Sufi shrines of Yemen. In the Horn of Africa and Yemen, coffee was used in local religious ceremonies. As these ceremonies conflicted with the beliefs of the Christian church, the Ethiopian Church banned the secular consumption of coffee until the reign of Emperor *Menelik II*. The beverage was also banned in *Ottoman* Turkey during the 17th century for political reasons, and was associated with rebellious political activities in Europe.

Economy

Coffee is a major export commodity: it was the top agricultural export for twelve countries in 2004, the world's seventh-largest legal agricultural export by value in 2005, and "the second most valuable commodity exported by developing countries," from 1970 to 2000. Further, green (unroasted) coffee is one of the most traded agricultural commodities in the world. Some controversy is associated with coffee cultivation and its impact on the environment. Consequently, organic coffee is an expanding market.